

Vision Zero for occupational safety, health and wellbeing



Human Factors in Control

Organizational safety and safety culture .
current challenges and future directions
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3 ðhotðyret often misunderstood safety topics and tools

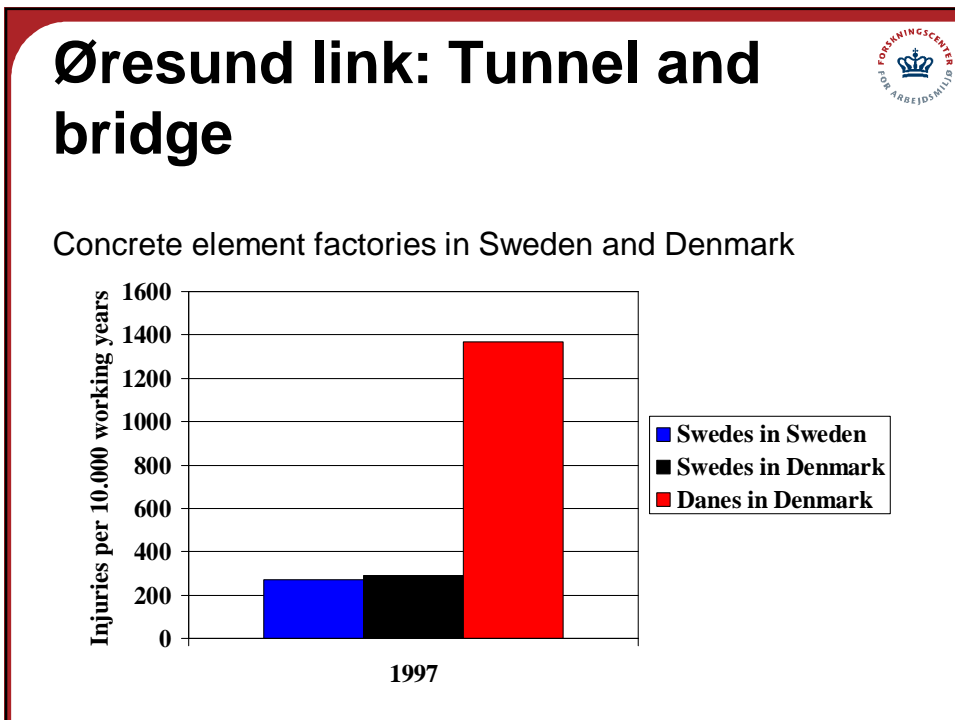


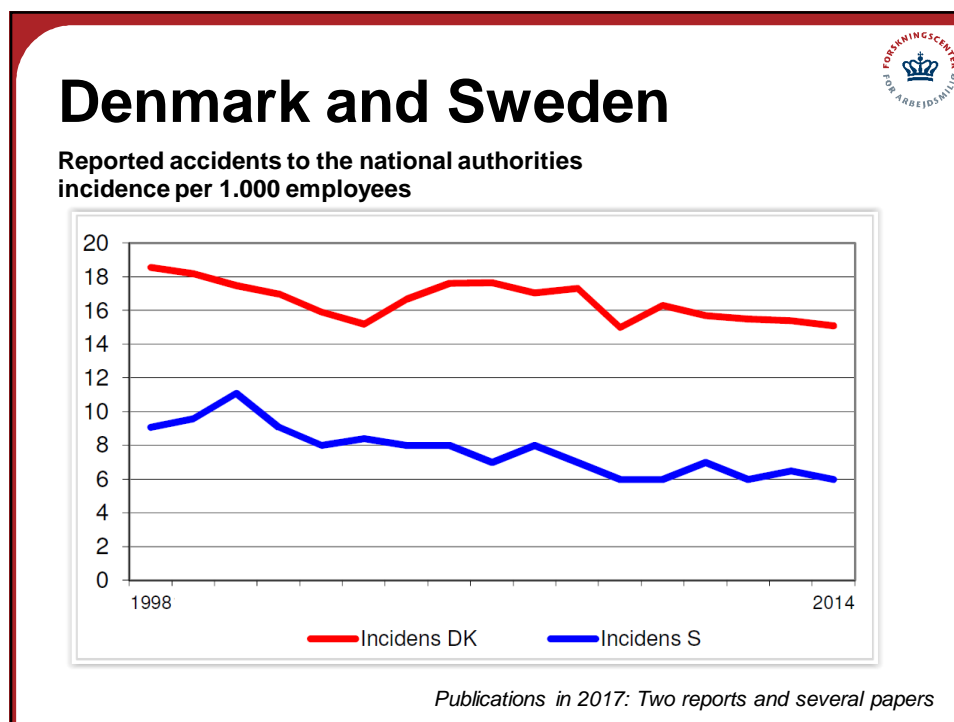
1. Safety cultures . modifiable factors?
2. Vision Zero . process or goal? Are we focusing on the right things?
3. What works in accident prevention?

ð and their relevance for Human Factors ☺

All recent research publications in 2017!!







What factors contribute to lower occupational injury rates in Sweden than in Denmark?

Possible Macro . Meso - Micro level factors

- “ Safety legislation
- “ Education system
- “ National Authority Inspection practices
- “ Insurance company practices

- “ Safety climate
- “ Organisation, Leadership, Group and Individual factors
- “ Safety level from safety rounds at work sites and in schools
- “ Etcõ

Publications in 2017: Two reports and several papers



What factors contribute to lower occupational injury rates in Sweden than in Denmark?

Results

Macro level factors

- ~ Company size
- ~ Proportion of skilled workers, e.g. in the construction industry
- ~ Greater preventive potential in the insurance system, as well as the way work legislation are implemented

Meso level factors

- ~ Leadership style
- ~ Planning and involvement
- ~ Employment conditions
- ~ Vocational schools' influence on students and internship companies

Micro level factors

- ~ Future orientation
- ~ Co-operation
- ~ Collegiality

**Are they modifiable?
Transferable?**

Publications in 2017: Two reports and several papers

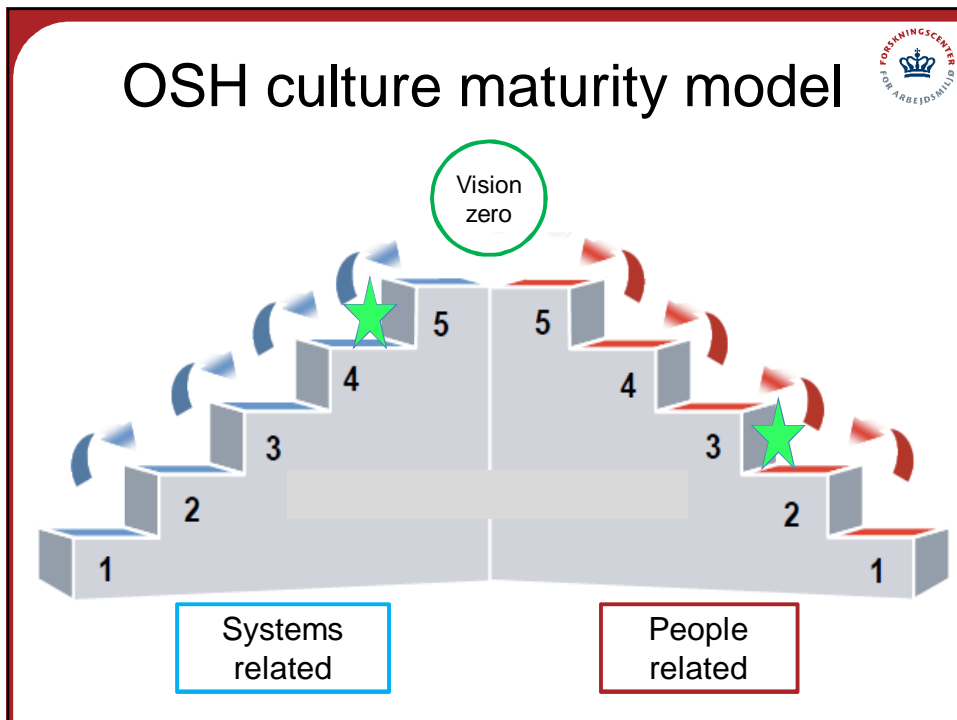
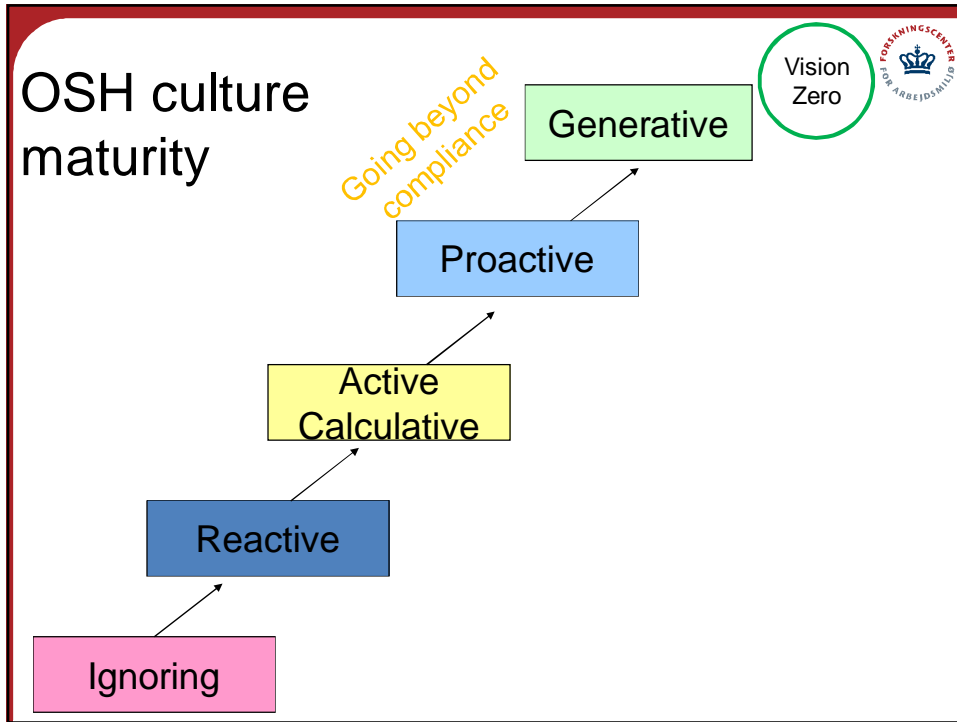


What factors contribute to lower occupational injury rates in Sweden than in Denmark?

- ~ The way legislation is implemented
- ~ Formal and informal structures support more proactive collaboration ()
- ~ Power, participation and influence (not just involvement)
- ~ Support long term relations . more collaborative and participative leadership
- ~ Better understanding of the long-term consequences for OSH

**Are they modifiable?
Transferable?**

Publications in 2017: Two reports and several papers





EU study Æ Vision Zero companies

- “ 7 EU countries, 27 companies
- “ Interviews, questionnaires and national workshops
- “ 8819 questionnaire respondents
- “ 66 % workers, 31 % leaders/managers/supervisors
- “ 13 manufacturing companies (51 % respondents)
- “ 7 construction companies (28 %)
- “ 7 other companies (21 %)


Publications: Zwetsloot, Kines et al. 2017a,b,c



Vision Zero for OSH


Commitment strategy

- “ From enterprise owners, leaders and workers
- “ Through policies, planning, procedures and practice
- “ **All OSH problems are preventable**
(accidents, injuries, psychosocial, disease, etc.)
- “ **A process . not a goal**



Traditional OSH approach vs. Vision Zero

OSH control strategy	OSH commitment strategy
OSH is goal driven	OSH is a journey , a process
Preventing accidents & disease	Creating safe & healthy work
OSH programs	OSH is an integrated part of business
OSH risk management	Business leadership
OSH owned by few	OSH owned by all
Benchmark on injuries & illness	Benchmark on good practice and leading indicators
OSH is a cost	OSH is an investment
Workers are part of the problem	Workers contribute to solutions
Incidents are failures	Incidents are opportunities for learning
OSH management systems	OSH culture and learning



Vision Zero for health, safety and wellbeing

- “ Creating safety, health and wellbeing at work
- “ Long-term investment and commitment
- “ Work and life 😊

Vision Zero: Good practice 1



- “ OSH commitment . a part of hiring process for all leaders and employees
- “ Involve stakeholders, business partners, subcontractors, suppliers, etc.
- “ Relevant communication strategy at all organisational levels
- “ Multi-faceted and integrated OSH initiatives that allow decentralized initiatives

Vision Zero: Good practice 2



- “ Ensure relevant, qualified and structured introduction, instruction, supervision and follow-up
- “ Vision Zero companies - leader-networks (e.g. Finland 300+ companies, Germany 90+, Netherlands, etc.
- “ Action and learning from observations and near-miss incidents
- “ Reactive and proactive measures (KPI)

Vision Zero



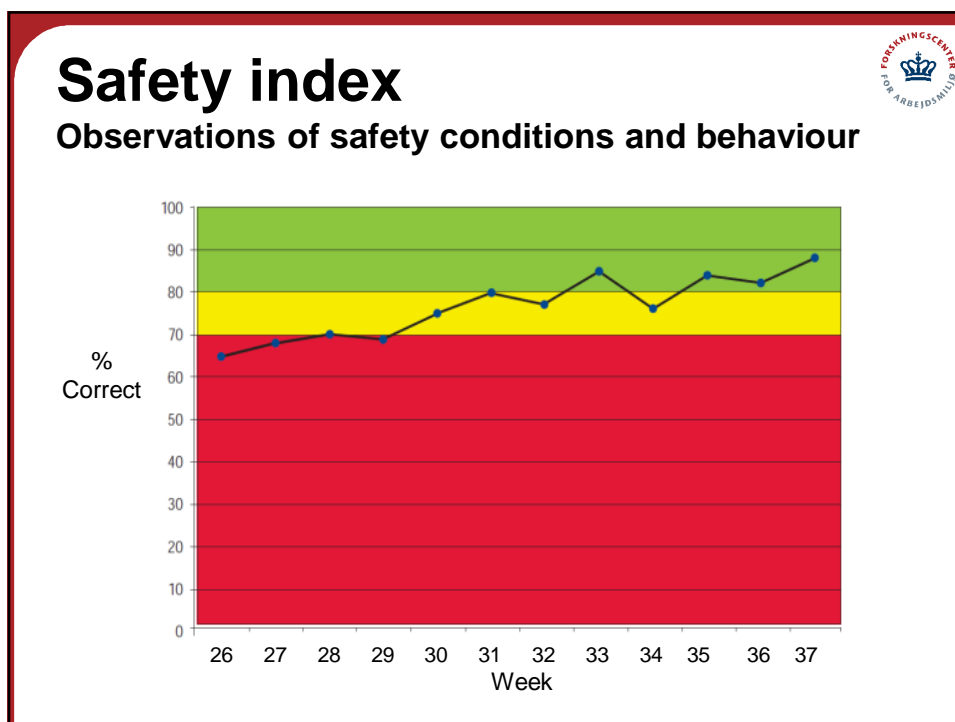
Sydney Dekker 2017

- “ We stop looking for a complete deletion of negative events in our pursuit of zero, and instead focus on an enhancement of the positive capacities that make things go right+ (e.g. resilience engineering)
- “ We want to move toward zero losses (and particularly zero fatalities and life-changing injuries), then we should not be obsessed with the ~~holes~~ (or minor injuries) that show up in safety management systems. Instead, we should study success. We need to form a deep understanding of how things actually go right, and then enhance the systems capacity to make even more things go right+

Reactive to proactive KPI Lagging to leading indicators



- A. OSH education and training (leaders and workers)
- B. Ensure relevant, qualified and structured introduction, supervision, follow-up and learning
- C. OSH leadership . daily priority, communication
- D. OSH culture and climate (empowerment, reporting)
- E. OSH incident (near miss) analysis, action, follow-up, evaluation and learning
- F. **OSH observations** (working conditions and behaviour)
- G. Etcõ .



Safety Observerapp

Available for Ipad now on app store
For smartphones and tablets . IOS and Android (available June 2017)

Category	Green (+)	Yellow (-)	Red (+)	Red (-)
1. Behaviour and ergonomics	11	0	2	0
2. Personal protective equipment	13	0	1	0
Safety shoes	5	0	6	0
Safety glasses	0	0	2	0
3. Order and tidiness	47	0	8	0
Work areas	9	0	3	0
4. Machines	11	0	1	0

Toolbox-training for leaders



Improving knowledge and skills with **8 OSH topics and tools**

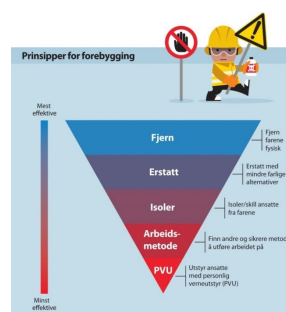
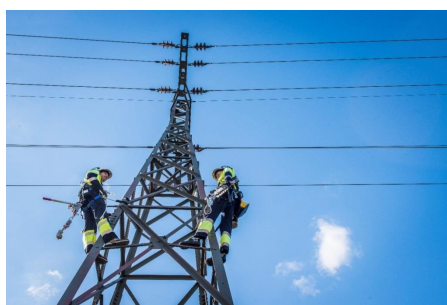
1. Roles and responsibilities
2. Communication (questioning techniques and feedback)
3. Body language (nonverbal)
4. Cross-cultural communication
5. Conflict management
6. Leadership and cooperation
7. Planning systems (an adapted lean construction model)
8. Prevention of injury and work related disease, as well as improving OSH on construction sites

Jeschke, Kines et al. Safety Science, 2017

Energi Norges kurs i nullvisjonen og sikker planlegging 2017



- “ 8 hour course
- “ Confederation of Norwegian Enterprises - Working Environment Fund



Accident prevention - what works?



“ Systematic review 40,000+ published articles, ~300 studies included

Safety initiatives targeted towards changing:

- “ Knowledge and attitudes ☹️ (*do not work by themselves*)
- “ Human physiology ☹️
- “ Human behaviour (e.g. safety training) ☹️
- “ Organization ☹️
- “ Safety norms, climate or culture 😊 ☹️
- “ Use of technical assistive devices 😊
- “ Tools and machines (physical) 😊
- “ Integrated initiatives!!! (combinations) 😊 😊 😊

Dyreborg, ð Kines et al, 2015

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ð and their relevance for Human Factors 😊

All recent research publications in 2017!!



Some recent referencesÅ



Jeschke, Kines, Rasmussen, Andersen, Dyreborg, Ajslev, Kabel, Jensen & Andersen (2017). Process evaluation of a Toolbox-training program for construction foremen in Denmark. *Safety Science*, 94, 152-160. [OPEN ACCESS](#) . free download

Zwetsloot, Kines, Wybo, Ruotsala, Drupsteen & Bezemer (2017). Zero Accident Vision based strategies in organisations: Innovative perspectives. *Safety Science*, 91, 260-268

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Zwetsloot, Leka, Kines. (On-line April 2017). Vision Zero: from accident prevention to the promotion of health, safety and wellbeing at work. *Policy and Practice in Health and Safety*. [Free download](#) to first 50 respondents



DK-SE reports and papersÅ



Nielsen, K.J.; Törner, M.; Dyreborg, J.; Grill, M.; Grytnes, R.; Hansen, C.D.; Kines, P.; Pousette, A. (2017). Arbejdsulykker i Danmark og Sverige. Identificering af virkemidler og strategier, der kan overføres fra Sverige til Danmark. Dansk Ramazzini Center, Arbejdsmedicinsk Klinik, Hospitalsenheden Vest, Universitetsklinik, Herning.

Törner, M et al. (2017). Skillnader i arbetsolycksfrekvens mellan dansk och svensk byggindustri . en jämförande studie för att förstå bakomliggande faktorer (SveDan). Slutraport till AFA-försäkring.

Nielsen (2017). A comparison of inspection practices within the construction industry between the Danish and Swedish work environment authorities. *Construction Management & Economics*, 35(3),154-169.

Grill, Pousette, Nielsen, Grytnes, Törner (2017). Supervisors and teachers influence on expectations on empowering leadership among students in vocational education and training. *Empirical research in Vocational Education and Training*, 9, article 2.

More articles in-pressö .



Thank you for your attention



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