

# The Future of Hydrogen

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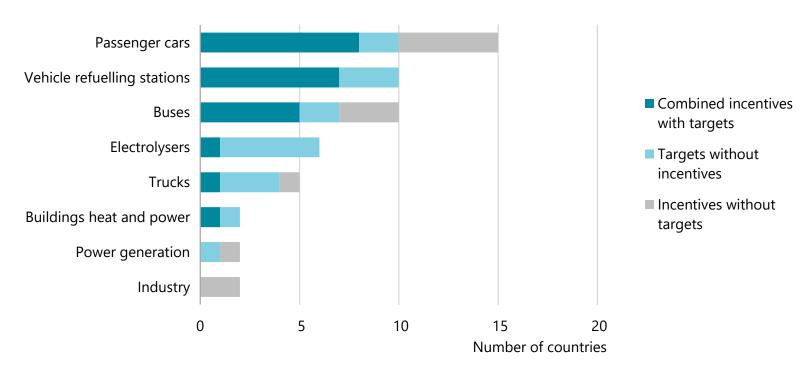
HYPER Closing Seminar, Brussels, 10 December 2019

#### Hydrogen – A common *element* of our energy future?

- Momentum currently behind hydrogen is unprecedented, with more and more policies, projects and plans by governments & companies in all parts of the world
- Hydrogen can help overcome many difficult energy challenges
  - Integrate more renewables, including by enhancing storage options & tapping their full potential
  - **Decarbonize hard-to-abate sectors** such as steel, chemicals, trucks, ships & planes
  - **Enhance energy security** by diversifying the fuel mix & providing flexibility to balance grids
- But there are challenges: **costs** need to fall; **infrastructure** needs to be developed; **cleaner hydrogen** is needed; and **regulatory barriers** persist



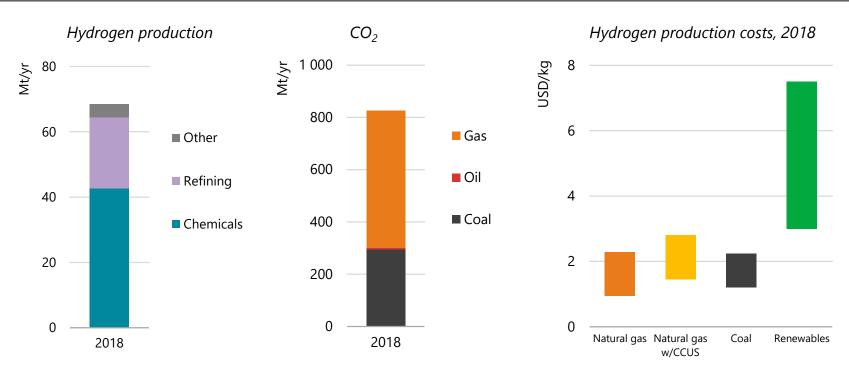
#### Policy support for hydrogen is increasing



A growing number of countries have policies to encourage hydrogen deployment, mainly focusing on transport.



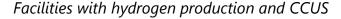
#### Hydrogen is already part of the energy mix



Dedicated hydrogen production is concentrated in very few sectors today, and virtually all of it is produced using fossil fuels, as a result of favourable economics.



## Hydrogen production with CO<sub>2</sub> capture is coming online

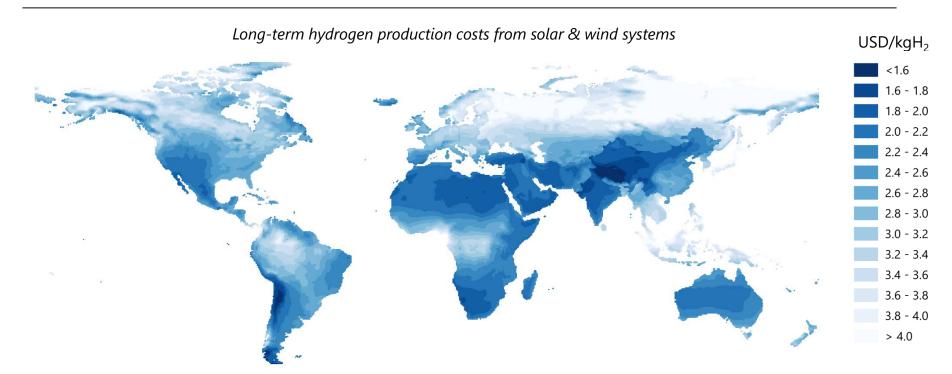




Low-carbon hydrogen from fossil fuels is produced at commercial scale today, with more plants planned. It is an opportunity to reduce emissions from refining and industry.



### Renewables hydrogen costs are set to decline

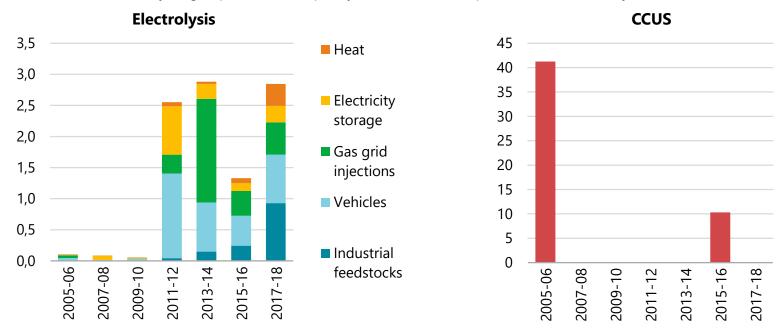


The declining costs of solar PV and wind could make them a low-cost source for hydrogen production in regions with favourable resource conditions.



#### Europe is a global pioneer for clean hydrogen projects

Clean hydrogen production capacity additions in Europe (thousand tonnes/year)

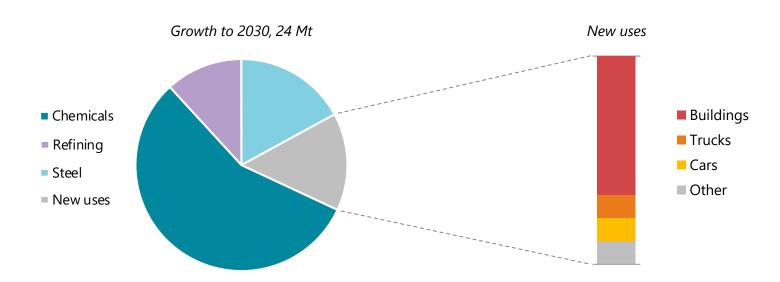


Electrolysis projects have expanded in Europe, but have much less potential to produce clean hydrogen than two CCUS projects.



#### The challenge to 2030: expand hydrogen beyond existing applications

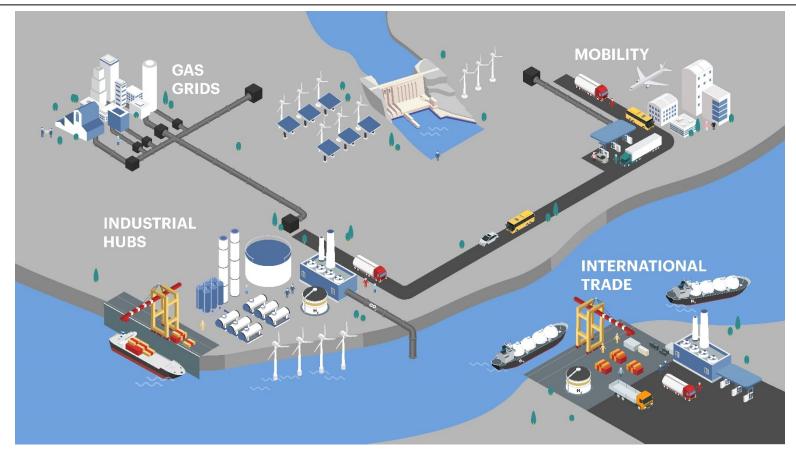
Growth in hydrogen use based on announced policies, 2018-2030



Dependable demand from current industrial applications can boost clean hydrogen production; policies & industry targets suggest increasing use in other sectors, but ambition needs to increase.



## Four key opportunities for scaling up hydrogen to 2030







#### The IEA's 7 key recommendations to scale up hydrogen

- 1. Establish a role for hydrogen in long-term energy strategies
- 2. Stimulate commercial demand for clean hydrogen
- 3. Address investment risks for first-movers
- 4. Support R&D to bring down costs
- 5. Eliminate unnecessary regulatory barriers and harmonise standards
- 6. Engage internationally and track progress
- 7. Focus on four key opportunities to further increase momentum over the next decade

Stay tuned for upcoming analysis – the IEA will be launching ETP 2020 in June next year, which will include an assessment of cost effective technology choices to enhance energy security and reach net-zero emissions.

