

European Energy Research Alliance EERA Teresa Ponce de Leão – Vice Chairwoman 21th of September 2016











EERA is an official part of the EU SET-Plan.

http://setis.ec.europa.eu/



EERA at a glance

- A cornerstone of the SET-Plan
- Bringing together more than 175research organizations
- Covering 23 EU member states + Iceland, Turkey, Norway and Switzerland
- Organized in 17 Joint Programmes covering the research areas
 - materials,
 - technologies
 - and systems
 and including policy and social aspects.
- A track record of 90% participation in FP7 projects in energy
- Collaborating with European industry through ETIPs and other partnerships in the field of energy
- Promoting national research alliances with a track record of 7 national alliances



The darker, the more EERA member.



The role of EERA in the new Set-Plan

- The 2015 Communication on the Integrated SET-Plan has given a new impetus to the role of EERA within the SET-Plan.
- EERA met the challenge
 - Ready to listen to constructive/critical analysis
 - Regular meetings with EC for better mutual understanding
 - Aim at delivering
 - Strong involvement of all our JPs to deliver on "input papers"
 - Increase our visibility outside and within EERA

From a diversity of competences towards intelligent integration



Formal meetings with EC

- A new strategy, adopted in April 2016, reflects the expectations of the role of EERA within the new framework. This role foresees a number of inter-related dimensions, in particular:
- 1. To play an advisory role
- 2. To implement SET-Plan actions
- To act as a SET-Plan ambassador
- 4. To coordinate the scientific community in the energy sector to produce excellent research
- To support mobility of researchers and student training programmes
- 6. To be a "reservoir" of research results/solutions/ knowledge/IP ready to be transferred to industry
- To provide evidence of EERA's achievements and progress under points 1-6

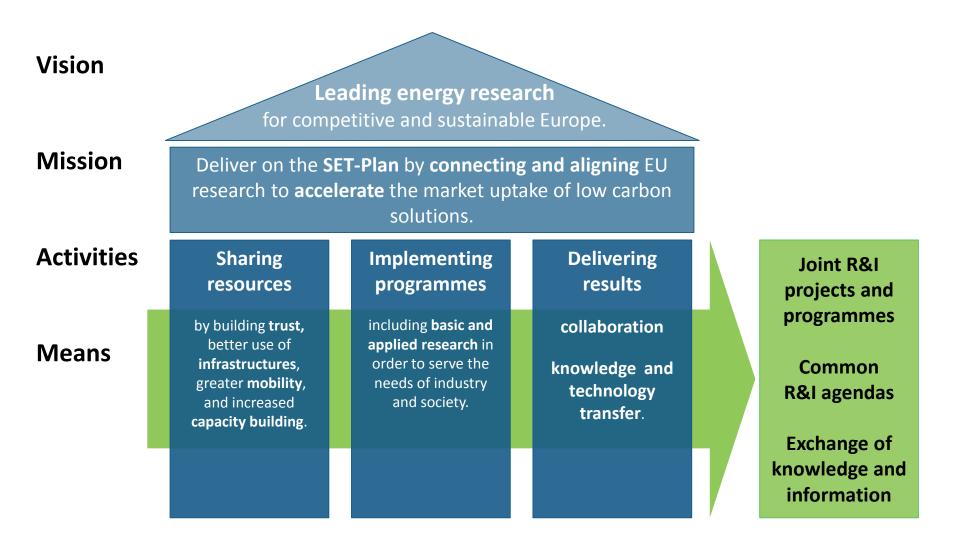


KPIs for EERA in Energy Union and Set-Plan

Expectation	N°	Indicator
4-Coordinate the scientific community in the energy sector to produce excellent research	1	Number of FTEs active in the energy sector employed by EERA members
	2	Number of EERA members
	3	Number of EERA members participating in each JP
	4	Number of scientific peer-reviewed publications containing the 'EERA' label
5-Support mobility of researchers and student training programmes	5	Number of EERA JPs providing support for the implementation of structured student training
	6	Number of person months of mobility activities
6- Knowledge transfer to industry	7	Number of exploitable EERA research results available on the EERA webshowcase
	8	Number of expressions of interest triggered by the exploitable EERA research results



EERA Strategy and Implementation Plan 2015-2020





Key means for implementing EERA and its Joint Programmes

- to optimise research activities and overcome fragmentation -

Sharing resources

- Exchange of knowledge and information
- Sharing research infrastructures
- Mobility of skilful researchers
- Providing high-level training

Implementing programmes

- Performing challenge driven top research to serve needs of industry and society
- Influence policies

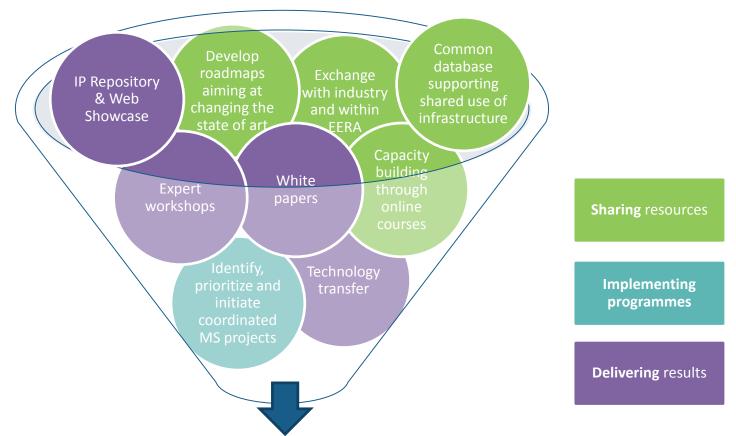
Delivering results

- Disseminating world class results
- Taking experience and knowledge in use by advisory
 - Objective results identified by **KPI**

Exchange of knowledge, Common R&I agendas, Joint R&I projects and programmes



Prioritized actions for implementing EERA and its Joint Programmes



Performing challenge driven top **research** through **implementing programmes** by co-creating coherent and comprehensive R&D projects and programs



Different means to enhance our JPs visibility

- JPs hearing
 - Launch in 2015
 - Incentivize EC and MS to be part
 - Last hearing: 5th of April in Brussels, JPNM and AMPEA
- Success stories
 - Launched in 2016
- JPs review and evaluation
 - 13 JPs have already been reviewed once
 - Each JP is reviewed every 3-4 year both on research outcome and alignment of research
 - In 2016: Shale gas; E3S; CCS; Bioenergy & JPNM
- Joint Programmes Characterization



Running process for JP Characterization

- Spring 2016: Constitution of a working group to write a draft of criteria
 - Giving more visibility to the JPs' activities, rationalizing their organization
 - **For EERA**: next step toward professionalization
- May- June 2016: First criteria defined
- December 2016: Self assessment of the 17 JPs on the basis of the criteria and analysis of the results.

On-going collaboration for common R&I agendas through harmonization.

Coordination of research activities through exchange of knowledge and information on national R&D agendas.

Co-creation of new joint R&I projects and programmes through using variable mix of funding instruments and tackling cross-cutting topics.



In this new EU Framework, what roles can EERA and its JPs play?

- Advice role
 - thanks to the building of communities gathering the best EU researchers
 - thanks to the systemic approach allowed by the intrinsic structuration of EERA (no silo effect)

JPs already involved in the Integrated Roadmap, in the input papers and willing to continue to provide their expertise when required.

- Excellent research
 - "EERA label" for EU projects and publications
- EU research coordination and structuration
 - Task force on mobility Scheme
 - Strengthening links between national and European programmes

Today: Integrated research projects, ECRIAs

Tomorrow: to be defined jointly

Smart Grids – the paradigma of systems integration





Smart grid

- Why smart?
 - Unlike recent past



 Changing from a patchwork nature to a set of integrated systems incolving all from generation to consumption

 Recently digital Technologies allows two-way communication





The Smart Grid

— How?

- More efficient
- —Quicker restauration
- Reduced management costs
- Reduced peak demand
- Increased integration of RE
- Better integration of costumer RE
- Improved security
- Capacity to save money



The Smart Grid

— How?



- —Giving control to the costumers
 - ■Save as you like
 - Produce own energy



The Smart Grid

— How?



Building and testing the smart grid – millions of pieces to put together



The Smart Home



Smart meters

Smart appliances

Prosumer



Smart Home

— Have as EMS to use on your smart phone



Consumers engagement



Integrate renewable energy

- Integrate non fossil resources
- Make better use of them
- Store energy
- Optimize the mix
 - **Sun**
 - Wind
 - **—**Water
 - Biomass
 - underground



Ability to take care of big issues while taking care of the smalest detail



Consumers engagement

- SG enables opportunity
 - To save energy
 - Reduce the bill by producing and maybe sell
 - Time-of-use pricing
 - Sell ancillary services with your own storage (PEV) or shaving consumption pattern











Distribution Intelligence

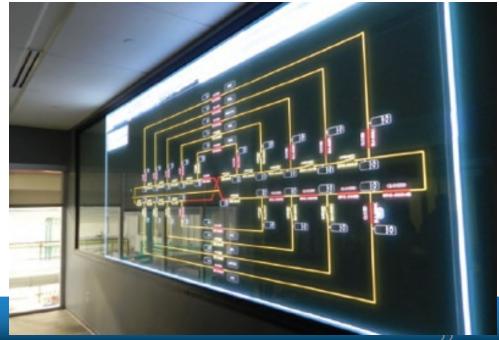


Heigh Ho...



Grid operation centers

- Fast communication technologies like PMU make the snap shot of the system
- Observality
- New means of control and measurement facilitate
 - "self-healing"
- Reliability
- Mixed AC DC networks





Plug-in Electric Vehicles

- Transport ~1/3 emissions
- Green charge
- Stored energy
- Smart infraestructure

Awareness

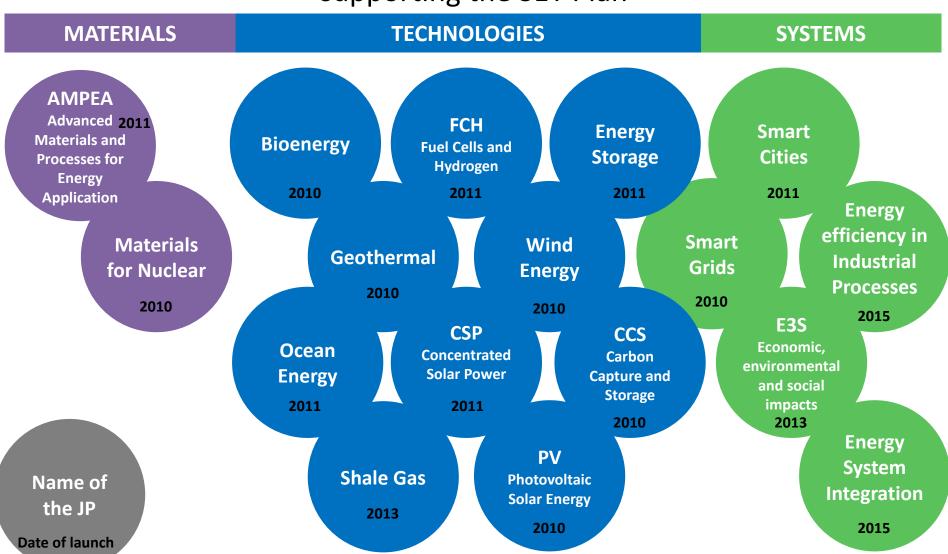




EERA European Energy Research Allia Ice

EERA Joint Programme technology portfolio

- supporting the SET Plan -





Thank you