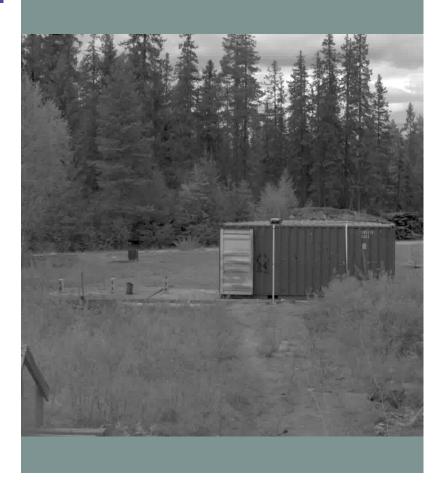
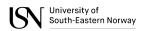


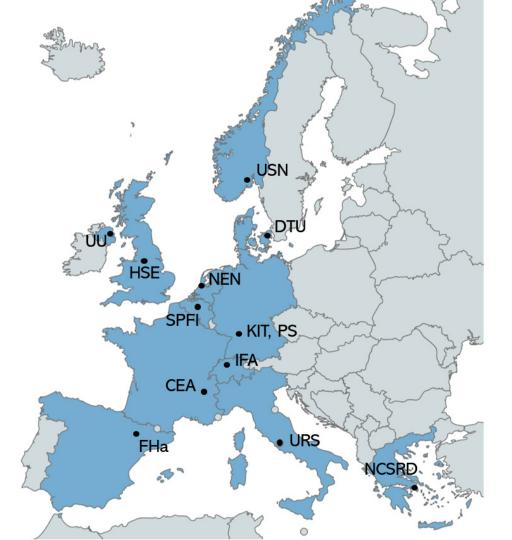
HyTunnel-CS

Hydrogen safety in tunnels and confined spaces

Knut Vaagsaether, Agnieszka Lach, André V. Gaathaug University of South-Eastern Norway









Acknowledgements

This project has received funding from the Fuel Cells and Hydrogen 2 Joint Undertaking (JU) under grant agreement No 826193. The JU receives support from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme.

AND HYDROGEN JOINT



The EU Framework Programme for Research and Innovation

HyTunnel-CS brief Aim, objectives, ambition

Aim

 to perform pre-normative research for safety of hydrogen driven vehicles and transport through tunnels and similar confined space

Ambition

 to facilitate hydrogen vehicles entering underground traffic systems at risk below or the same as for fossil fuel transport



HyTunnel-CS brief Objectives

- Critical analysis of effectiveness of conventional safety measures for hydrogen incidents;
- New CFD and FE models for consequences analysis;
- Generation of unique experimental data (using the best hydrogen research facilities and three real tunnels);
- Engineering correlations for QRA methodology tailored for tunnels and underground parking;
- Addressing explosion and fire prevention and mitigation strategies;
- Advancement of hydrogen safety engineering;
- Recommendations for intervention strategies and tactics for first responders;
- Recommendations for inherently safer use of hydrogen vehicles in underground transportation systems;
- Recommendations for RCS

HyTunnel-CS brief Methodology

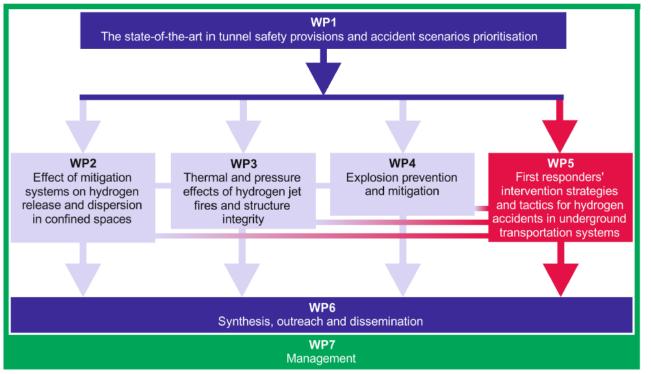
Exploiting synergies and complementarities of

- Partnership of
 - Researchers from academia and national research laboratories,
 - Emergency services experts
 - SDO specialists
- ✤ Inter-sectoral and cross-disciplinary research
 - Experimental work
 - Theoretical research
 - Modelling effort

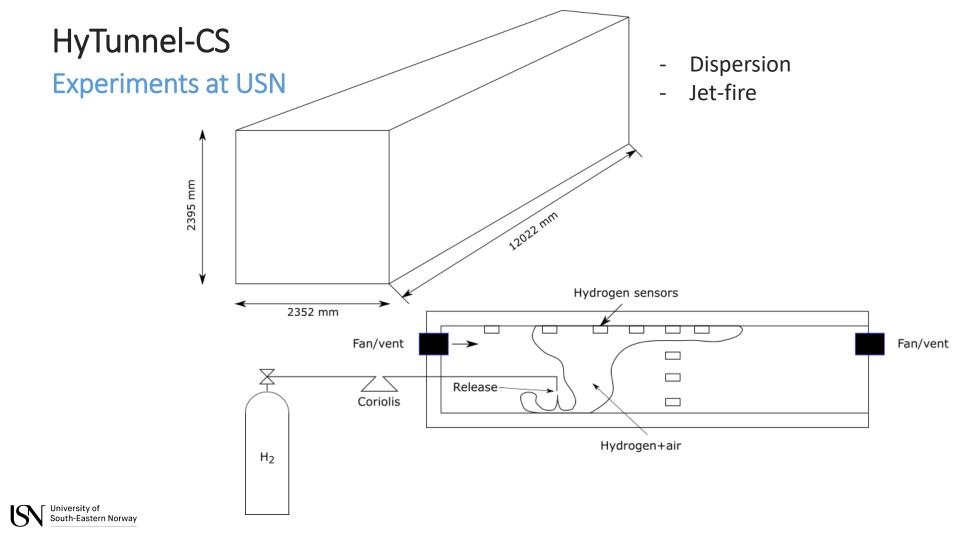


Implementation

Workpackages







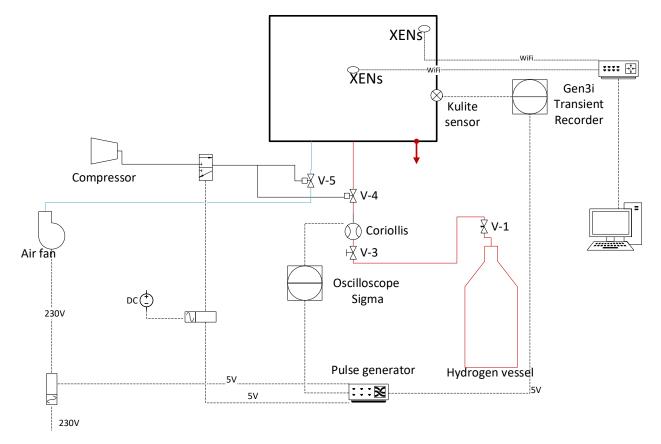
Unignited PPP Experiments USN



Unignited PPP Experiments USN

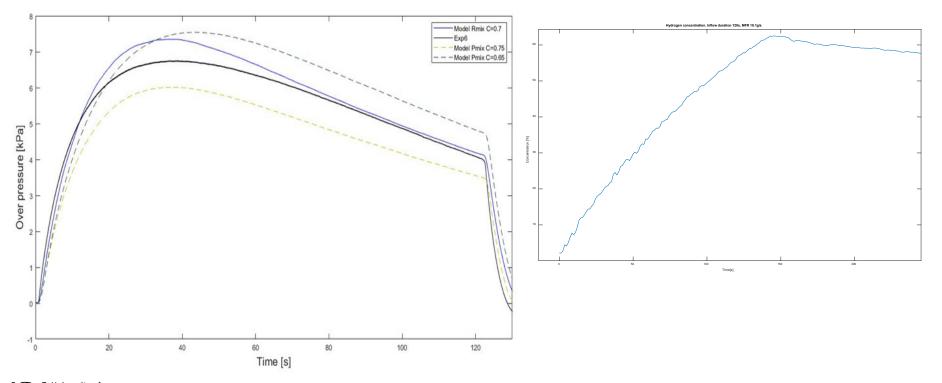


Unignited PPP Experiments USN



Model comparison

- Experiment 6
 - $A = 0.0006 \text{ m}^2 \text{ MFR} = 10.1 \text{ g/s}$



Simulation of flame acceleration and DDT in train tunnels

Development of simulation method:

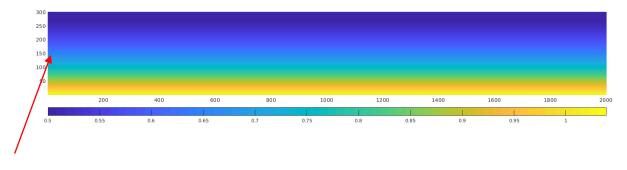
- Reactive and compressible flow
- 2./3. order shock capturing schemes
- Fast deflagrations, detonations and compressible flow problems
- Transition from deflagration to detonation (DDT)
- Turbulent combustion
- Concentration dependant chemistry



Initial development: FA and DDT in concentration gradient

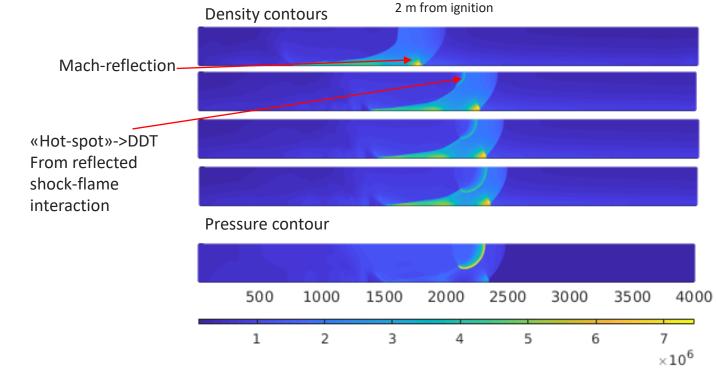
Initial field of density (15% H2 at bottom, 62% H2 at top (6 cm height))

From experiments by Boeck (2015).



Ignition

Initial development: FA and DDT in concentration gradient





Acknowledgements

This project has received funding from the Fuel Cells and Hydrogen 2 Joint Undertaking (JU) under grant agreement No 826193. The JU receives support from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme.

AND HYDROGEN JOINT



The EU Framework Programme for Research and Innovation

www.usn.no

